

United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION

Washington, D.C. 20240

National Policy Memorandum

Office of the Director

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Title: Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

1. Purpose

The Bureau of Indian Education (BIE) has developed this memorandum to provide interim guidance pending Tribal consultation on the nondiscrimination prohibitions based on disability found in Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 794 (Section 504) and the U.S. Department of Interior (the Department or Agency) implementing regulations at 43 CFR 17.501–17.570 (Subpart E). Section 504 is applicable to educational programs and activities conducted by the Department, including BIE-operated elementary and secondary schools and dormitories (BIE-operated schools or schools). This interim guidance explains how BIE-operated schools will implement these regulations. In addition, in developing this memorandum, BIE reviewed rules and guidance from other Federal agencies, including the U.S. Department of Education, the U.S. Department of Justice and the U.S. Department of Labor and has exercised its discretion to adopt certain language and practices from those agencies as part of this guidance document.

The following sections outline ways in which BIE will be able to identify, assess, and provide eligible students with disabilities appropriate educational services within the meaning of Section 504.²

2. Scope

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¹ For purposes of this memorandum, references to BIE-operated schools include BIE-operated elementary and secondary day schools, on- and off-reservation boarding schools, and peripheral dorms.

² This memorandum is limited to procedures for complying with Section 504 with respect to students with disabilities. For information on the rights of other individuals with disabilities, including parents, BIE employees, and members of the public regarding access to the Department's programs and activities, including how to file a complaint alleging discrimination, please contact the BIE-operated school's Section 504 Coordinator or BIE's 504 Coordinator, or refer to the Department's Office of Civil Rights webpage at: https://www.doi.gov/pmb/eeo. In addition, please also refer to the Department's Office of Civil Rights webpage for information on filing a complaint regarding any allegation of discrimination on the basis of race, sex, color, national origin, disability, religion, age, sexual orientation, or status as a parent, in any program or activity conducted by the Department.

This memorandum applies to all BIE employees responsible for providing educational programs, services and activities to students attending BIE-operated schools. For example, such employees include superintendents, instruction and assessment staff, principals, teachers, and support staff. Also, this memorandum may be used for information purposes for students, parents, and service providers.

In addition, this memorandum is intended only to set forth procedures for complying with BIE's obligation to comply with Section 504 and does not create any independent or new rights, benefits, or trust responsibility, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or equity, by a party against the United States, its agencies, its officers, or any person.

Each BIE-operated school is required to have a school-level Section 504 Coordinator (school's Section 504 Coordinator) who is responsible for monitoring compliance with all Section 504 requirements and the procedures outlined herein and for providing school staff with an annual training on these procedures.

Each BIE-operated school is responsible for posting this memorandum on its website and providing an annual notice to parents of how to access it or request a copy and the name and contact information of the school's Section 504 Coordinator. This notice should contain information on how individuals who may have difficulty viewing or interpreting this memorandum may access its content. This memorandum will also be available on the Indian Affair's Policy and Directives website: https://www.bia.gov/policy-forms/memoranda.

For Section 504 questions, you may contact BIE's Section 504 Coordinator: Tracie Atkins Tracie.Atkins@bie.edu

3. Policy

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Department of Interior

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, 29 U.S.C. § 794 is a civil rights law that prohibits the Department from discriminating against members of the public on the basis of disability in its conducted programs and activities.

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)

Under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), all students with disabilities, as defined under 34 CFR 300.8, are entitled to a free appropriate public education (FAPE).³ FAPE is defined within IDEA as special education and related services that are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge; meet the standards of the state educational agency, including the requirements of the IDEA; and are provided in conformity with an individualized education program (IEP) that meets the requirements of 34

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³ 20 U.S.C. § 1401(9); 34 CFR 300.17.

CFR 300.320-24.⁴ It is important to note that IDEA focuses on the students' progress to their own potential. In *Endrew F. v. Douglas County School Dist.*, 137 S. Ct. 988, 999-1000 (2017), the Supreme Court held, "The IEP provisions reflect [the]expectation that, for most children, a FAPE will involve integration in the regular classroom and individualized special education calculated to achieve advancement from grade to grade."

IDEA and Section 504

IDEA sets an affirmative duty to provide an appropriate education to eligible students,⁵ whereas Section 504 prohibits the Department from excluding students with disabilities from participating in, denying them the benefits of, or subjecting them to discrimination in its federally assisted and federally conducted programs and activities.⁶ Further, for students who meet the eligibility requirements under IDEA and who also qualify for protections under Section 504, implementing an IEP that satisfies the IDEA FAPE requirements is generally sufficient to satisfy Section 504.⁷ In such a circumstance, all accommodations, auxiliary aids and services the student is entitled to under Section 504 must be included as related services and accommodations in the student's IEP. In addition, even when receiving services under IDEA, students who qualify for protections under Section 504, remain protected from disability-based discrimination.

This memorandum provides interim guidance on the nondiscrimination prohibitions based on disability found in Section 504. It is not intended to address the requirements under IDEA. For more information on the requirements and rights of students with disabilities under IDEA, please refer to 34 CFR Part 300 and the BIE's IDEA Notice of Procedural Safeguards, which is available electronically here: https://www.bie.edu/sites/default/files/documents/idc2-087462.pdf and in hard copy at any BIE-operated school.

The Department's Regulations

The Department's regulations implementing Section 504 are found in 43 CFR Part 17 and provide, in part, that "[n]o qualified [individual with a disability] shall, on the basis of [disability], be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity conducted by the [A]gency."

Further, the Department's regulations specific to its obligation to not discriminate on the basis of disability in its programs or activities are 43 CFR 17.501–17.570 (Subpart E). The regulations in Subpart E apply to BIE-operated schools. 9

⁴ 34 CFR 300.17. *See also Fry v. Napoleon Cmty. Schs.*,137 S. Ct. 743, 749 (2017) ("[T]he IEP spells out a personalized plan to meet all of the child's 'educational needs.'" (citing 20 U.S.C. §§ 1414(d)(1)(A)(i)(II)(bb), (d)(1)(B))).

⁵ 20 U.S.C. § 1401(d).

⁶ 29 U.S.C. § 794(a).

⁷ See, e.g., Mark H. v. Lemahieu, 513 F.3d 922, 933 (9th Cir. 2008); Kimble v. Douglas County Sch. Dist. RE-1, 925 F. Supp. 2d 1176, 1183 (D. Colo. 2013).

⁸ 43 CFR 17.530(a).

⁹ The Department's regulations were promulgated in 1987 and have not been updated to reflect several changes to Section 504 law. For example, the Rehabilitation Act Amendments of 1992, Public Law 102–569 (Oct. 29, 1992)

As such, the purpose of this memorandum is to provide guidance for employees of BIE-operated schools who must comply with DOI's Section 504 implementing regulations in Subpart E, and to provide information to students, parents, and other providers of educational services.

General Provisions – Program Accessibility¹⁰

General

Except as otherwise provided, no qualified individual with a disability shall, because the Department's facilities are inaccessible to or unusable by individuals with disabilities, be denied the benefits of, be excluded from participation in, or otherwise be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity conducted by the Department.¹¹

Existing Facilities

- (a) BIE will operate each program or activity so that the program or activity, when viewed in its entirety, is readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. This paragraph does not—
 - 1. Necessarily require BIE to make each of its existing facilities or every part of a facility accessible to and usable by all individuals with disabilities;
 - 2. In the case of historic preservation programs, require BIE to take any action that would threaten or destroy the historic significance of an historic property; or
 - 3. Require BIE to take any action that it can demonstrate would result in a fundamental alteration in the nature of a program or activity, or in undue financial and administrative burdens. In those circumstances where BIE personnel believe that the proposed action would fundamentally alter the program or activity or would result in undue financial and administrative burdens, BIE has the burden of proving that compliance with the outlined compliance procedures would result in such an alteration or burdens.

The decision that compliance would result in such alteration to a construction designated as a "historic property," or burdens must be made by the BIE Director, or his or her designee, after considering Agency resources available for use in the funding and operation of the conducted program or activity and must be accompanied by a written statement of the reasons for reaching that conclusion. If an action would result in such an alteration or such burdens, the BIE shall take any other action that would not result in

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adopted the use of "person first" language. More recently, the ADA Amendments Act of 2008, Public Law 110–325 (Sept. 25, 2008), revised the interpretation of the definition of "disability" under Section 504 to ensure that the term is interpreted consistently with the ADA. In addition, there have been significant U.S. Supreme Court decisions interpreting Section 504 requirements. As a result, the language in this interim memorandum reflects these legal updates as well as legal principles established through interpretive case law.

¹⁰ 43 CFR 17.550. ¹¹ 43 CFR 17.549.

such an alteration or such burdens but would nevertheless ensure that individuals with disabilities receive the benefits and services of the program or activity.

- (b) Methods—(1) General. The Agency may comply with the requirements of this section through such means as redesign of equipment, reassignment of services to accessible locations, assignment of aides to beneficiaries, home visits, delivery of services at alternate accessible sites, alteration of existing facilities and construction of new facilities, use of accessible rolling stock, or any other methods that result in making its programs or activities readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The Agency is not required to make structural changes in existing facilities where other methods are effective in achieving compliance with this section. The agency, in making alterations to existing buildings, shall meet accessibility requirements to the extent compelled by the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 4151– 4157) and any regulations implementing it. In choosing among available methods for meeting the requirements of this section, the Agency shall give priority to those methods that offer programs and activities to qualified individuals with disabilities in the most integrated setting appropriate.
- (2) Historic preservation programs. In meeting the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section in historic preservation programs, the Agency must give priority to methods that provide physical access to persons with disabilities. In cases where a physical alteration to an historic property is not required because of paragraph (a)(2) or (a)(3) of this section, alternative methods of achieving program accessibility include—
 - (i) Using audio-visual materials and devices to depict those portions of an historic property that cannot otherwise be made accessible.
 - (ii) Assigning persons to guide individuals with disabilities into or through portions of historic properties that cannot otherwise be made accessible; or
 - (iii) Adopting other innovative methods.
- (3) Recreation programs. In regard to recreation programs, the Agency shall provide that the program or activity, when viewed in its entirety, is readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities. When it is not reasonable to alter natural and physical features, accessibility may be achieved by alternative methods as noted in paragraph (b)(1) of this section.

4. Procedures

A. New Construction and Alteration¹²

Each building or part of a building that is constructed or altered by, on behalf of, or for the use of the Agency must be designed, constructed, or altered so as to be readily accessible to and usable by persons with disabilities. The definitions, requirements, and standards of the Architectural Barriers Act (42 U.S.C. §§ 4151-4157) as established in 41 CFR 101-19.600 to 101-19.607 apply to buildings covered by this section.

¹² 43 CFR 17.551.

B. Communications¹³

BIE must take appropriate steps to ensure effective communication with applicants, participants, personnel of other Federal entities, and members of the public. BIE will provide appropriate auxiliary aids where necessary to afford persons with disabilities an equal opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, a program or activity conducted by the Agency.

In determining what type of auxiliary aid is necessary, BIE will give primary consideration to the requests of individuals with disabilities.

BIE must ensure that interested persons, including individuals with impaired vision or hearing, can obtain information as to the existence and location of accessible services, activities and facilities.

Where BIE communicates with applicants and beneficiaries by telephone, text telephone (TTY) or equally effective telecommunication systems must be used.

BIE must provide signage at a primary entrance to each of its inaccessible facilities, directing users to a location at which they can obtain information about accessible facilities. The international symbol for accessibility must be used at each primary entrance for an accessible facility.

C. Students with Disabilities under Section 504

For a student to qualify for Section 504 protection, the student must have a disability, which means, with respect to an individual:

- A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of such individual;
- A record of such an impairment; or
- Being regarded as having such an impairment.

1) Physical or mental impairment means:

a) Any physiological disorder or condition, cosmetic disfigurement, or anatomical loss affecting one or more body systems, such as: neurological, musculoskeletal, special sense organs, respiratory (including speech organs), cardiovascular, reproductive, digestive, genitourinary, immune, circulatory, hemic, lymphatic, skin, and endocrine; or

¹³ See 43 CFR 17.560.

- b) Any mental or psychological disorder such as intellectual disability, organic brain syndrome, emotional or mental illness, and specific learning disability.
- c) Physical or mental impairment includes, but is not limited to, contagious and noncontagious diseases and conditions such as the following: orthopedic, visual, speech and hearing impairments, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, cancer, heart disease, diabetes, intellectual disability, emotional illness, dyslexia and other specific learning disabilities, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, Human Immunodeficiency Virus infection (whether symptomatic or asymptomatic), tuberculosis, drug addiction, and alcoholism.
- d) Physical or mental impairment does not include homosexuality or bisexuality.

2) Substantial Limitations

A qualified individual with a disability under Section 504 has a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activity.¹⁴

Schools should consider the following factors in determining if a physical or mental impairment substantially limits a major life activity:

- Substantially limits must be construed broadly in favor of expansive coverage;
- Whether the impairment substantially limits a major life activity should not demand extensive analysis and is not meant to be a demanding standard;
- An impairment that substantially limits one major life activity does not need to limit other major life activities to be considered substantially limiting;
- An impairment that is episodic or in remission is a disability if it would substantially limit a major life activity when active;
- An impairment is a disability if it substantially limits the ability of an individual to perform a major life activity as compared to most people in the general population;
- The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity requires an individualized evaluation;
- The comparison of an individual's performance of a major life activity to the performance of the same activity by most people in the general population usually will not require scientific, medical, or statistical evidence; and

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¹⁴ 43 CFR 17.503.

• The determination of whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity must be made without regard to the ameliorative effects of mitigating measures other than ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses.

It is important to emphasize that the determination of substantial limitation should be made on a case-by-case basis with respect to each individual student. A group of knowledgeable persons, called a Section 504 team, described in detail later in this memorandum, draws upon information from a variety of sources in making this determination.

3) Major Life Activities

Major life activities include functions such as caring for one's self, performing manual tasks, seeing, hearing, eating, sleeping, walking, standing, lifting, bending, speaking, breathing, learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, communicating, and working. It also includes a person's major bodily functions, including but not limited to, functions of the immune system, normal cell growth, digestive, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, endocrine, and reproductive functions.

These lists are not exhaustive. If an activity or bodily function is not listed above, it might still be considered a major life activity under Section 504. Further, determining whether an impairment substantially limits a major life activity, the term major shall not be interpreted strictly to create a demanding standard. Whether an activity is a major life activity is not determined by reference to whether it is of central importance to daily life.

It is also important to note that a student may be covered by Section 504 protection even if his or her disability does not limit the major life activity of learning. Therefore, instead of only considering how an impairment impacts a student's ability to learn, staff should also consider how the impairment affects any major life activity of the student and, if necessary, assess what is needed to ensure that students have an equal opportunity to participate in the school's programs and activities.

The following examples are instructive:

- A student with a visual impairment who cannot read regular print with or without low-vision aids is substantially limited in the major life activity of seeing;
- A student with an orthopedic impairment who has difficulty walking is substantially limited in the major life activity of walking; and
- A student with diabetes who requires insulin injections is substantially limited in the operation of a major bodily function, the endocrine system.

4) Mitigating Measures

When determining if a student has a disability, do not consider the improved effects of mitigating measures when determining how the impairment impacts the major life activities under consideration.

Mitigating Measures often include, but are not limited to:

- Medication
- Medical supplies
- Equipment
- Appliances
- Low-vision devices (which do not include ordinary eye glasses or contact lenses)
- Reasonable accommodations including auxiliary aids or services
- Learned behavioral or adaptive neurological modifications

- Prosthetics including limbs and devices
- Hearing aids and cochlear implants or other implantable hearing devices
- Mobility devices
- Oxygen therapy equipment and supplies
- Use of assistive technology
- Psychotherapy, behavioral therapy or physical therapy

For example, a student with low vision who is unable to read typical size print with ordinary eyeglasses or contacts, but who can read using a computer program that enlarges the font size of documents, is still a person with a disability. This is the case even though the computer program allows the student to mitigate the impact of his or her low vision and access the school curriculum.

The use of ordinary eyeglasses or contacts is one exception. Specifically, if a person's vision is corrected with ordinary eyeglasses or contacts, the school staff evaluating the student may consider how the eyeglasses or contacts help the student see when deciding whether the student has a disability based on a visual impairment.

5) Episodic Impairments

If an impairment only occurs episodically or is in remission, it should be considered a disability if, when in an active phase, it would substantially limit a major life activity.

6) Record of an Impairment

An individual with a disability also includes an individual who has a record of a physical or mental impairment. Specifically, this means the individual has a history of, or has been misclassified as having, a mental or physical impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities.¹⁵

For example, a student who had cancer or a mental illness may have a record of having a disability but no longer have the impairment.

¹⁵ 43 CFR 17.503(3).

A student who has a record of a disability may or may not need accommodations. Section 504 does not require that a school provide accommodations that a student does not need. But, even if a student with a disability does not need services, the student is protected from disability-based discrimination under Section 504. As an example, a student with a gluten allergy may not need any in-school accommodations to manage the allergy. The student may be capable of deciding which foods to avoid in order to prevent a reaction. Despite the ability of the student to self-manage their disability, they are still protected by Section 504.

7) Regarded as Having a Disability

Further, individuals qualify for the protections of Section 504 if they are subjected to a prohibited action because of an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment, whether or not that impairment substantially limits, or is perceived to substantially limit, a major life activity.

An individual who is regarded as, but does not actually have, a disability is not entitled to reasonable modifications.

8) Transitory and Minor Impairment

It is important to note that a student may not fall within the definition of disability under the "regarded as" prong" if the physical or mental impairment is objectively both transitory and minor. Transitory means having an actual or expected duration of six months or less. For example, if a student has an injured leg, but is expected to fully recover within a few weeks, and the injury is considered minor, that student is not regarded as a person with a disability, even if others treat the person as if they have a disability. Section 504 does not require a school to provide accommodations for a student who has an actual or perceived physical or mental impairment that is objectively both transitory and minor.

However, a student with an impairment that rises to the level of substantially limiting a major life activity may be covered under the "actual disability" or "record of" prongs even if that impairment lasts less than six months. For example, if a student has a broken leg that will take several months to heal and substantially limits their major life activities of walking, standing, or caring for themselves, that student may have an actual disability that entitles them to protections under Section 504.

In addition, although a school is not required to provide reasonable accommodations to a student who does not meet the definition of disability, e.g., a student who (as described above) has a leg injury that is objectively both transitory and minor, the school would not be prohibited from allowing that student to take the bus to school, when the student typically walks to school, or providing a pass to allow the student to use the faculty elevator, which may be off limits to students.

D. Admissions Criteria

BIE-operated schools may not deny admission to any student on the basis of disability. Schools may not require students or parents to submit information or answer any questions regarding the student's status as a student with a disability as part of the application process. Instead, to ensure continuity of services, schools must request this information as part of the enrollment process only after the student has already been accepted to the school.

E. Identifying Students with Disabilities

Each BIE-operated school must undertake efforts to identify students with disabilities enrolled in its school.

In order to identify students with disabilities enrolled in its school, a BIE-operated school may employ the following steps:

- Issue notices to parents regarding Section 504 eligibility;
- Provide public awareness to inform community members of educational opportunities available to individuals with disabilities and maintain documentation of such activities;
- Distribute information regarding availability of services;
- Determine which individuals are currently receiving special education and related services and which individuals are not receiving needed services;
- List the school's Section 504 Coordinator's name in the school's parent and student handbook; and
- Conduct screenings.

If school staff suspects a student may be an individual with a disability, the school must seek parental consent to assess the student. Some examples of situations in which school personnel may reasonably conclude that a student should be assessed for Section 504 eligibility include when a teacher, based on observation of or work with the student, expresses the view that an evaluation is needed; or when the parent of a child has requested an evaluation. Evaluation procedures are discussed below.

F. School-Level Section 504 Team

The school-level Section 504 team will assess the student's needs and make a determination as to whether the student is a student with a disability and, if so, the nature and extent of the student's need for accommodations including auxiliary aids and services.

As for Section 504 team members, the team at a minimum should include a parent, the student (if appropriate), the student's teacher, a person knowledgeable about the evaluation data, the school's Section 504 Coordinator, and a school administrator. Team members may

serve one or more of these functions, if appropriate. For example, a teacher may have the necessary expertise to interpret the evaluation data. In that case, the teacher could also serve the role of the person knowledgeable about the evaluation data. The team may also include other persons knowledgeable about the child such as a school counselor or a parent advocate.

Schools must provide parents with the choice of participating either in person or remotely by teleconference or video conference (to the extent video conference technology is available).

Below are additional details on some of the required Section 504 team members.

• Person knowledgeable about the evaluation data

This person can be a teacher who can discuss classroom data and observations or a counselor who can speak about behavioral data. It can also include a school nurse who can explain medical records or the student's individual health plan.

An Administrator

The student's Section 504 team should include a BIE representative who can ensure that the school provides all the services and accommodations that are identified as necessary. This individual will usually be the school's Section 504 Coordinator.

Each school must appoint a member of the Section 504 team responsible for leading the Section 504 team. The Section 504 team lead is responsible for scheduling Section 504 team meetings, notifying participants of the meeting, taking Section 504 team meeting notes, providing copies of all required notices and Individualized Accommodation Plans (IAPs) to the parent, following-up with a recommendation for referral to other support services in the school if the student is determined ineligible for 504 accommodations, or if the student is suspected to need special education services under IDEA, and inviting the BIE Section 504 Coordinator to participate in any team meeting when a purpose of the meeting is to determine whether a student with a disability is a direct threat to the school community. It is best practice for this person to be the school's Section 504 Coordinator.

1) Evaluation and Eligibility

As outlined above, a student qualifies for the protections of Section 504 if they have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities, have a record of such an impairment, or are regarded as having such an impairment. ¹⁶

When a school suspects a student has a disability, the school must assess the student to determine 504 eligibility.

¹⁶ 43 C.F.R. § 17.503.

The Section 504 team is responsible for developing an evaluation plan to determine if a student is a student with a disability and, if so, the nature and extent of the student's needs for accommodations including auxiliary aids and services. The Section 504 team may consider information from a variety of sources. Depending on the nature of the student's disability and the accommodations requested or required, the development of an evaluation plan may consist of a review of existing records such as student attendance, grades and progress reports, parent interviews and classroom observations, medical records, privately conducted evaluations, or physical condition, or the Section 504 team may determine that additional information or evaluations are necessary. The Section 504 team may request relevant supplemental medical and other information from the parent(s).

Information obtained from all sources must be documented and carefully considered. It is not necessary for the Section 504 team to rely on methodologies used by diagnosticians or school psychologists. However, usually the more complex an impairment is, the more a school may need to consider that type of data.

Each BIE-operated school is responsible for providing evaluations identified in the evaluation plan at no cost to the parent. Formal evaluations used must be nondiscriminatory and administered in the student's primary language or mode of communication. Further, evaluation tools will be professionally validated by experts for the purposes for which they are used and administered by trained personnel in conformance with the instruction provided by the entity that publishes the evaluation.

2) Eligibility Determinations

After a review and careful consideration of all information, the Section 504 team must make the following determinations:

- 1. Does the student have a physical or mental impairment?
- 2. Does the impairment substantially limit a major life activity?
- 3. Does the student have a record of such a disability, or is the student regarded as having a disability?

A student is eligible for an Individualized Accommodation Plan (IAP) if the student's Section 504 team answers questions (1) and (2), referenced above, in the affirmative.

Please note: With respect to any student whom BIE identifies as having a "record of" or being "regarded as" having a disability under Section 504, they are protected by Section 504's general nondiscrimination provisions; however, BIE need not provide accommodations to these student as they do not have a current disability.

3) Writing the Section 504 Individualized Accommodation Plan (IAP)

The Section 504 team must tailor the IAP to the individual needs of the student with the goal of providing the student an opportunity equal to that of their peers to gain the same

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benefits of an education in an appropriate setting, in the least restrictive environment. Implementation of most Section 504 IAPs occurs within the general education classroom and are reasonable so long as they are not unduly burdensome or alter the school's in a fundamental way.

No determination that an accommodation is unduly burdensome or alters the school's operations in a fundamental way shall be made without prior consultation with BIE's Section 504 Coordinator.

In providing for academic, nonacademic, and extracurricular services and activities, including meals, recess and dormitory activities (if applicable), the student with a disability shall participate with other students to the maximum extent appropriate in the least restrictive environment appropriate for the child.

4) Content of the Plan

An IAP must address these five components:

- 1. The nature of the student's disability and the major life activity it limits;
- 2. The basis for determining the disability;
- 3. The impact on the education of the student with a disability;
- 4. Necessary accommodations; and
- 5. Placement.

5) Accommodations and Placement

Generally, BIE provides instruction to students with disabilities in general education classrooms. As such, placement in the Section 504 context generally refers to making the general education classroom accessible to the student. For example, changing the environment and/or altering the manner in which the student interacts with the gradelevel curriculum. It can also involve giving students extra resources so that they understand that curriculum.

Examples of accommodations that could be considered when developing an IAP are listed below. The list is not exhaustive.

Organization/Management

- Allow additional time to pass through hallways
- Modify class schedule
- Modify arrival/departure time
- Adjust placement of student in classroom
- Increase/decrease opportunity for movement
- Use checklist to keep student organized
- Increase number of allowable absences for health reasons
- Approve early dismissal for service agency appointments

Teaching Strategies

- Adjust testing procedures
- Substitute assignments for test
- Adjust length of teaching/test time
- Administer test orally
- Individualize classroom assignments
- Provide notes/outlines
- Use peer tutors
- Provide direction on a one-to-one basis
- Provide alternate assignments that do not always require writing
- Provide a one to one aide
- Qualified interpreters on-site or through video remote interpreting (VRI) services
- Notetakers
- Real-time computer-aided transcription services
- Written materials
- Exchange of written notes
- Telephone handset amplifiers
- Assistive listening devices
- Assistive listening systems
- Telephone compatible with hearing aids
- Closed caption decoders
- Open and closed captioning, including real-time captioning
- Voice, text, and video-based telecommunications products and systems, including text telephones (TTYs), videophones, and captioned telephones, or equally effective telecommunications devices
- Videotext displays
- Accessible electronic and information technology
- Other effective methods of making aurally delivered information available to individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing
- Qualified readers
- Taped texts
- Audio recordings
- Brailled materials and displays
- Screen reader software
- Magnification software
- Optical readers
- Secondary auditory programs (SAP)
- Large print materials
- Accessible electronic and information technology
- Other effective methods of making visually delivered materials available to individuals who are blind or have low vision
- Acquisition or modification of equipment or devices
- Other similar services and actions.

Area/Safety Precautions

- Air purifier in classroom
- Accommodate specific allergies
- Control temperature
- Use preferential seating
- Administer/assist with medication
- Accommodate special diets

Facility Alterations

- Ramps
- Accessible restrooms

Appropriate accommodations may also include auxiliary aids and services including, but not limited to, speech-language, counseling, occupational therapy, physical therapy, special education and health related (e.g., administration of medicine and medical monitoring by a school nurse).

The school's Section 504 Coordinator will monitor the implementation of the plan and progress of the student.

6) Review of IAP and Reevaluation

The Section 504 team must meet to review, and update as needed, each student's IAP and determine whether any reevaluation is necessary on an annual basis. A reevaluation must occur at least once every three years. Additional meetings may be held at the request of a Section 504 team member.

G. Section 504 and Discipline

The following steps are required when disciplining a student with disabilities with an IAP.

1) Change in Placement under Section 504

Special considerations apply to the long-term suspension of students with disabilities under Section 504. A student with a disability may be removed from the student's current educational setting for 10 cumulative days in a school year for any violation of school rules to the extent removal would be applied to a student without a disability. Suspension or expulsion of a student with a disability for more than 10 consecutive school days in a school year constitutes a significant change in placement. A significant change of placement triggers a determination regarding whether the conduct was a manifestation of the student's disability.

2) Manifestation Determination

A manifestation determination review (MDR) must take place if the school determines that a significant change of placement has occurred. An MDR must be conducted

immediately, if possible, but no later than 10 days after the decision to take disciplinary action is made. The purpose of the meeting is to determine whether there was a relationship between the incident for which the student was suspended and their disability.

Prior to the MDR meeting, the following procedures are required:

- Give notice of the disciplinary decision and of the procedural safeguards to the parents not later than the date on which the decision is made to take disciplinary action.
- Notify parent(s) in writing, immediately, if possible, but not more than 10 days after a decision to hold an MDR.
- Notification should include identification of time, date and participants who will be in attendance.
- Parents should participate in the meetings; however, if they refuse to attend, they should be given a copy of the report.

The following steps must be followed during the MDR Meeting:

- The names of each person present must be recorded.
- The student's Section 504 team must make the determination of whether a student's misconduct is related to his disability.
- MDR attendees must consider all relevant information in the student's file, including: the student's Section 504 IAP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parents.
- A review of the incident at issue, including: the who, what, when, where, why and how of the specific incident under review.
- The team must determine, after reviewing relevant information in the student's file and the incident review:
 - 1. whether the conduct in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
 - 2. if the conduct in question was the direct result of the school's failure to implement the child's IAP.

If the Section 504 team determines that either of those conditions was met, the Section 504 team must determine the conduct was a manifestation of the student's disability. Further, if the Section 504 team determine that the conduct in question was the direct result of the school's failure to implement the student's IAP, the school must take immediate action to remedy those deficiencies.

a) Determination that behavior was a manifestation of the child's disability

If the Section 504 team determines that the conduct was a manifestation of the child's disability, the school cannot impose the long-term suspension. Instead, the Section 504 team must conduct a Functional Behavioral Assessment (provided the school has

not already conducted one) and develop and implement a behavioral intervention plan (BIP). If the student already has a BIP, the Section 504 team must review the plan and modify it, as necessary to address the behavior.

b) Not a Manifestation of the Student's Disability

If the school, the parent, and relevant members of the Section 504 team determine that:

- i. the conduct in question was not caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the child's disability; or
- ii. the conduct in question was not the direct result of the school's failure to implement the child's IAP,

then the behavior is not a manifestation of the student's disability. Under those circumstances, the relevant disciplinary procedures applicable to a student without a disability may be applied to the student with a disability in the same manner and for the same duration in which the procedures would be applied to a student without a disability.

If the parent/student believes that BIE discriminated against them by not providing an accommodation, or in the MDR process generally, they can file a complaint with the Department's Office of Civil Rights. Information on how to file a civil rights complaint is provided in Section L. of this memorandum.

c) Exception

Current illegal use of drugs or alcohol. A school may take disciplinary action pertaining to a student with a disability's current illegal use of drugs or alcohol to the same extent that such disciplinary action would be taken against students without disabilities.

H. Direct Threat

A school is not required to permit a student to participate in or benefit from services, programs, or activities when that student poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others. A direct threat means a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated by a modification of policies, practices or procedures, or by the provision of auxiliary aids or services.

In determining whether a student poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others, the student's Section 504 team must make an individualized assessment, based on reasonable judgment that relies on current medical knowledge or on the best available objective evidence, to ascertain: the nature, duration, and severity of the risk; the probability that the potential injury will actually occur; and whether reasonable modifications of policies, practices, or procedures or the provision of auxiliary aids or services will mitigate the risk.

The Section 504 team lead must invite the BIE Section 504 Coordinator to participate in any team meeting when a purpose of the meeting is to determine whether a student with a disability is a direct threat to the school community.

I. Procedural Safeguards

Each BIE-operated school must send the Section 504 Procedural Safeguards document to all parents of students enrolled in the school at least once a year and whenever disciplinary action procedures are triggered. The document details the following:

- Notice of Parental Rights under Section 504;
- Parental access to relevant records; and
- Information on how to file a complaint with the Department's Office for Civil Rights.

J. Consent

Schools must obtain parental consent prior to (1) reviewing evaluative information for Section 504 eligibility; (2) conducting any educational or medical evaluation for purposes of determining a student's Section 504 eligibility and (3) the initial implementation of an IAP. Consent must be in writing and documented in the student's file.

K. Written Notice

The Section 504 team must provide the parent with written notice prior to taking or refusing to take any action related to a student's Section 504 evaluation or reevaluation plan, eligibility determination, or development or modification to an IAP. The notice must include a description of the proposed or denied action, a brief explanation of the decision and information on how to access this memorandum.

L. Records Management

A student's Section 504 IAP, written notices, evaluation plan, evaluation data, and Section 504 meeting notes are part of a student's record as defined in 25 CFR 43.2 (e) and are subject to requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974 (Privacy Act) (5 U.S.C. § 552a) and the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 1232g). This list is not exhaustive and there may be additional records collected in accordance with the procedures in this interim memorandum which may also be subject to the Privacy Act and FERPA.

M. Compliance Procedures¹⁷

This section applies to allegations of discrimination on the basis of disability in programs or activities conducted by BIE.

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¹⁷ See 43 CFR 17.570.

Any person with a disability who believes that the Agency has discriminated against him or her on the basis of disability in any Agency program or activity may file a complaint with the Department of Interior's Office of Civil Rights (OCR).¹⁸

How to File a Public Civil Rights Complaint

The responsibility for implementation and operation of this section is vested with the Department's Public Civil Rights Division, Office of Civil Rights. ¹⁹ Complaints filed pursuant to this section shall be delivered or mailed to the Director, Office of Civil Rights, Department of the Interior, 1849 C Street, NW Washington, DC, 20240. If any Agency official other than the Department's Office of Civil Rights receives a complaint, they must immediately forward the complaint to the Division Director of the Public Civil Rights Division, Office of Civil Rights.

The Department will accept and investigate all complete complaints for which it has jurisdiction. Jurisdiction extends to complaints made by any persons who believe that they have been discriminated against on the basis of disability in any program or activity conducted by the Department.

All complete complaints must be filed within 180 days of the alleged acts of discrimination. The Department may extend this time period for good cause.²⁰

If the Office of Civil Rights receives a complaint that is not complete, it will notify the complainant of the incomplete complaint, that additional information is needed. If the complainant fails to complete and submit the requested information, the Office of Civil Rights may dismiss the complaint without prejudice.²¹

The Office of Civil Rights may require Department employees to cooperate and participate in the investigation and resolution of complaints. Employees who are required to cooperate and participate in any investigation under this section must do so as part of their official duties.²²

If the Department receives a complaint over which it does not have jurisdiction, it shall promptly notify the complainant, and, if appropriate, shall refer the complaint to another government entity.²³

¹⁸ At the time the Department's regulations were codified, the Office of Civil Rights was referred to as the Office of Equal Opportunity. For the purpose of clarity and consistency with updated language this interim memorandum will use the new term, the Office of Civil Rights.

¹⁹ At the time the Department's regulations were codified, the Chief of the Public Civil Rights Division was referred to as the Director of the Office of Equal Opportunity in the regulations. For the purpose of clarity and consistency with updated language this interim memorandum will use the new term, the Chief of the Public Civil Rights Division

²⁰ Office of Civil Rights, https://www.doi.gov/pmb/eeo/public-civil-rights.

²¹ 43 CFR 17.570(d)(2).

²² 43 CFR 17.570(d)(3).

²³ 43 CFR 17.570(e).

The Department will notify the Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Board upon receipt of any complaint alleging that a building or facility that is subject to the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, as amended (42 U.S.C. §§ 4151-4157), or Section 502 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. § 792), is not readily accessible to and usable by individuals with disabilities.²⁴

Within 180 days of the receipt of a complete complaint for which it has jurisdiction, the Department shall notify the complainant of the results of the investigation in a letter containing -

- (1) Findings of fact and conclusions of law:
- (2) A description of a remedy for each violation found; and
- (3) A notice of the right to appeal.²⁵

Appeals of the findings of fact and conclusions of law or remedies must be filed by the complainant within 90 days of receipt from the letter issued by the Department notifying the complainant of the results of the investigation. The Agency may extend this time for good cause.²⁶

Timely appeals must be accepted and processed by the Deputy Secretary of the U.S. Department of the Interior (Deputy Secretary).²⁷

The Department must notify the complainant of the results of the appeal within 60 days of the receipt of the request. If the Department determines that it needs additional information from the complainant, it must have 60 days from the date it receives the additional information to make its determination on the appeal.²⁸

The time limits established under this section may be extended for an individual case when the Deputy Secretary determines that there is a good cause, based on the particular circumstances of that case, for the extension.²⁹

The Department may delegate its authority for conducting complaint investigations to other Federal agencies, except that the authority for making final determination may not be delegated.³⁰

Additional procedures for processing discrimination complaints governed by the Department's regulations at 43 CFR Part 17 are available at The Civil Rights Directive 2011-

²⁴ 43 CFR 17.570(f).

²⁵ 43 CFR 17.570(g).

²⁶ 43 CFR 17.570(h).

²⁷ 43 CFR 17.570(i).

²⁸ 43 CFR 17.570(j).

²⁹ 43 CFR 17.570(k).

³⁰ 43 CFR 17.570(1).

01: https://www.doi.gov/sites/doi.gov/files/migrated/pmb/eeo/directives/upload/Civil-Rights-Directive-2011-01CProcedures-11 5 2010-wk.pdf

5. Roles and Responsibilities

- **A.** <u>BIE Section 504 Coordinator</u> is responsible for providing oversight, training and guidance for the implementation of Section 504 in BIE-operated schools.
- **B.** All BIE-Operated Schools are responsible for: establishing a school level Section 504 Coordinator and appointing a member of each student's Section 504 team as team lead; making this memorandum available on their respective websites and alternative forms; providing annual notice to parents and informing them how to access or request a copy; and providing parents the contact information of the school's Section 504 Coordinator.
- C. <u>All Section 504 Team Leads</u> are responsible for scheduling Section 504 team meetings, notifying participants of the meeting, taking Section 504 team meeting notes, providing copies of all required notices and IAPs to the parent, following up with a recommendation for referral to other support services in the school if the student is determined ineligible for 504 accommodations, or if the student is suspected to need special education services under IDEA, and inviting the BIE Section 504 Coordinator to participate in any team meeting when a purpose of the meeting is to determine whether a student with a disability is a direct threat to the school community.
- **D.** <u>All BIE-Operated School's Section 504 Coordinators</u> are responsible for monitoring compliance with all Section 504 requirements and procedures outlined in this memorandum; monitoring the implementation of IAPs and progress of students; and providing school staff with annual training on these procedures.

6. Definitions

Throughout these policies and procedures, the following definitions apply:

- **A. Agency** means Department of the Interior.
- **B.** Architectural Barriers Act means the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. §§ 4151–4157), including the Architectural Barriers Act Accessibility Standards at 41 CFR 102–76.60 et seq.
- C. Auxiliary aids and services mean services or devices that enable persons with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills to have an equal opportunity to participate in, and enjoy the benefits of, programs or activities conducted by the agency. For example, auxiliary aids useful for persons with impaired vision include readers, Brailled materials, audio recordings, and other similar services and devices. Auxiliary aids useful for persons with impaired hearing include telephone handset amplifiers, telephones compatible with hearing aids, telecommunication devices for deaf persons (TDD's), interpreters, note takers, written materials, and other similar services and devices.

- **D.** Complete complaint means a written statement that contains the complainant's name and address and describe the Agency's actions in sufficient detail to inform the Agency of the nature and date of the alleged violation of Section 504. It shall be signed by the complainant or by someone authorized to do so on his or her behalf. Complainant or behalf of classes or third parties shall describe or identify (by name, if possible) the alleged victims of discrimination.
- **E.** Current illegal use of drugs means illegal use of drugs that occurred recently enough to justify a reasonable belief that a person's drug use is current or that continuing use is a real and ongoing problem.
- **F. Direct threat** means a significant risk to the health or safety of others that cannot be eliminated by a modification of policies, practices or procedures, or by the provision of auxiliary aids or services.
- **G. Drug** means a controlled substance, as defined in schedules I through V of section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 812).
- **H.** Existing facility means a facility in existence on any given date, without regard to whether the facility may also be considered newly constructed or altered under this part.
- **I. Facility** means all or any portion of buildings, structures, equipment, roads, walks, parking lots, outdoor recreation and program spaces, park sites, developed sites, rolling stock or other conveyances, or other real or personal property.
- **J.** Illegal use of drugs means the use of one or more drugs, the possession or distribution of which is unlawful under the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 812). The term illegal use of drugs does not include the use of a drug taken under supervision by a licensed health care professional, or other uses authorized by the Controlled Substances Act or other provisions of Federal law.
- **K.** Individual with a disability means a person who has:
 - (1) A physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of the major life activities of such individual;
 - (2) A record of such an impairment; or
 - (3) Being regarded as having such an impairment.
- **L. Historic preservation programs** means programs conducted by the Agency that have preservation of historic properties as a primary purpose.

- **M. Historic properties** means those properties that are listed or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places or properties designated as historic under a statute of the appropriate state or local government body.
- **N. Parent** in these procedures includes guardians and others with the authority to act on behalf of and in the interest of a student.
- **O. Qualified individual with a disability** means—with respect to preschool, elementary, or secondary education services provided by BIE, an individual with a disability who is a member of a class of persons otherwise entitled by statute, regulation, or agency policy to receive education services from the agency.
- **P. Section 504** means Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (Pub. L. 93-112, 87 Stat. 394 (29 U.S.C. § 794)), as amended.
- **Q. Section 504 team** means a group of individuals tasked with developing a student's Section 504 evaluation plan, making a Section 504 eligibility determinations and developing the Section 504 IAP.
- **R.** Student with a disability means an individual with a disability who is enrolled in a BIE-operated school.

7. Forms

The following forms associated with this memorandum are included as attachments and also available on the Indian Affairs Online Forms website: https://www.bia.gov/policy-forms/online-forms.

- **A.** BIE Section 504 Eligibility Determination (Attachment 1)
- **B.** Individual Accommodation Plan Form (Attachment 2)
- C. Consent to Evaluate and Receipt of Parents Rights and Procedural Safeguards (Attachment 3)
- **D.** Consent to Review Evaluation Form (Attachment 4)
- **E.** Invitation to 504 Meeting Form (Attachment 5)
- **F.** Section 504 Checklist Form (Attachment 6)
- **G.** Section 504 Meeting Parent Input Form (Attachment 7)
- **H.** Section 504 Parent Rights and Procedural Safeguard Form (Attachment 8)
- **I.** Section 504 Identification Determination Summary Form (Attachment 9)

- **J.** Section 504 Manifestation Determination Form (Attachment 10)
- **K.** Section 504 Teacher Input Form (Attachment 11)
- 8. Approval

Tony L. Dearman
Digitally signed by Tony L. Dearman
Date: 2020.07.17 11:02:24-04'00'

Tony L. Dearman
Director, Bureau of Indian Education

Digitally signed by Tony L. Dearman
Date: 2020.07.17 11:02:24-04'00'

Date

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504 Eligibility Determination Student ID: Meeting Date: Parent/Guardian 1: Name: Birthdate: Parent/Guardian 2: School: Grade: School Contact Person: Position: Eligibility Team Members (For each member, check whether s/he is knowledgeable about the child, the meaning of the evaluation data, and/or accommodations/placement options.) TEAM MEMBER: Child Accommodations & Placement Meaning of Options Evaluation Data Sources of Evaluation Information (check each one used) achievement tests medical/psychological report □ other . . . adaptive behavior ☐ student work samples cognitive assessments ☐ teacher recommendations/observations 1. Specify the mental or physical impairment: 2. Check the major life activity(ies) affected by the impairment: hearing seeing caring for oneself □ breathing concentrating ☐ walking learning manual tasks ☐ working other:

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3. Please refer to NPM-EDUC-33 for an explanation of the "substantially limits" standard.

Attachment 1 (continued)



have participated in determining ligibility for the above named tudent under Section 504.		
Participant's Name	<u> </u>	Participant's Signature



SECTION 504 INDIVIDUALIZED ACCOMMODATION PLAN

Student ID/NASIS #:	Meeting Date:	
Name:	Parent/Guardian 1:	
Birthdate:	Parent/Guardian 2:	
School:	Grade:	
School Contact Person:	Position:	

STUDENT AREA OF	ACCOMMODATION TO	PERSON(S)	FREQUENCY and
NEED	ADDRESS NEED	RESPONSIBLE	SETTING for EACH
Example: organization	Provide student with	Classroom teacher	ACCOMMODATION
	agenda and sign for		Daily at the end of each
	accuracy daily		class
			Classroom
I	I	I	I

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Attachment 2 (continued)



IAF CONTINU	ED STUDENT:	
DATE:	NASIS #	
NOTES:		
e participated in developing dividualized Accommodation (IAP) for the above named int under Section 504.		
Participant's Name	<u>Title/Email</u>	Participant's Signature

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DOB:	,	,	Grade:	NASIS#:
	•1•	a_ nl		
	Alterna	ite Phoi	ne:	
FOR INIT	TIAL E	/ALUA	TION	
NO, I DO NOT agree to an evaluation of my student under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 to determine if he or she has physical or mental impairment which may substantially limit one or more major life activities.				
		_	// Date	
OCEDURA	AL SAF	EGUAR	DS	
now that y	ou hav	e receiv	ed a copy of the	Section 504 Procedural
led to expl	lain the	Notice		
֡֡֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜֜	r FOR INI' nder Sective of the section of the secti	Alterna F FOR INITIAL EX Inder Section 504 which may substant student under Sectal impairment when the standard impairment when	Alternate Phon FOR INITIAL EVALUAT Inder Section 504 of the Foundation of the Found	Alternate Phone: FOR INITIAL EVALUATION Inder Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act which may substantially limit one or more student under Section 504 of the Rehabil tal impairment which may substantially lir



CONSENT TO REVIEW EVALUATIVE INFORMATION SECTION 504

Student Name:

School:		
Student Id/NASIS#:	Date:	
•	EVIEWED When evaluating the cas to make informed decisions about ti red.	•
Teacher reports	Educational records	Medical reports
Report cards Student attendance	Observations	Student health records
Aptitude or achievement tests	Information from parents	Developmental reports
Documentation of Interventions	Residential program records	Psychological reports
Attendance records	Extracurricular activities	School Incident Reports
Individualized Education Prog	ram team decisions (if applicable)	
Other (explain):		
Other (explain):		
Other (explain):		
authorize the school to evaluate to dentification for Section 504 accor		r my child to determine possible
Parent/Guardian Name (Printed)	Signature of Parent/Guardian	Date



Invitation to 504 Meeting

Date of Invitation:
Dear Parent/Guardian of ,
You are invited to attend a Section 504 meeting. The purpose of this meeting is to determine if your child is eligible or continues to be eligible to receive special accommodations/services under Section 504 in order that he/she can have access to and receive an appropriate education. The Section 504 team would appreciate parental input and participation in working to meet your
child's educational needs. You are invited to attend our Section 504 meeting for your child at:
(location) (date) (time)
Please sign and return this form to your child's teacher. If you have any questions regarding this meeting, please call me at
Sincerely,
Section 504 Coordinator
PLEASE FILL-OUT, SIGN & RETURN THE BOTTOM PORTION TO SCHOOL:
×
Parent/Guardian Name: School: School: Phone Number:
Child's Name: Phone Number:
Child's Name: Phone Number: Email: Child's Grade: Child's Date of Birth:
I will be present for the scheduled meeting. I am unable to attend the scheduled meeting; however I do wish to participate. Please contact me by phone to discuss alternative options. I am unable to come to any meeting. Please contact me by phone to discuss
alternative options. The best way to contact me is: Phone Email
Parent/Guardian Signature: Date:



Action Step:	Date:	Notes:
Notify parents of intent to evaluate. Obtain Consent for 504 evaluation and provide parents/guardian with 504 rights and procedural safeguards.		
After the consent is returned, start the evaluation and handout the Teacher Input Form and Parent/Student Interview Form to those who are knowledgeable about the student.		
 Invite professionals to participate who can interpret data, are familiar with the student, and can allocate resources. 		
 Involve the school nurse for mental and physical health conditions (consider a health screening for all students to rule-out hidden health conditions). 		
 Obtain releases for health information if screening is positive. If a release cannot be obtained from a parent or the parent chooses to not sign a release, the team will continue with the evaluation with the current and available information. 		
 The evaluation must include multiple sources of information. Examples of information sources include: 		
interview parents teachers record review observations teacher/student interactions academic scores		
o grades o attendance o work products o standardized test scores health records o outside records/resources		
 Teachers continue to implement relevant accommodations and document results. 		
 Complete evaluation within a reasonable period of when parental consent is obtained. 		
School 504 coordinator completes the 504 Eligibility Determination form. (Print a hard copy for the cumulative file)		
School 504 coordinator drafts a 504Individualized Accommodation Plan. (copy kept in NASIS)		
 List accommodations in concrete terms and identifies person responsible 		
 List services provided (i.e., health) and reference documents (i.e., IHP). 		

Attachment 6 (continued)



5. Notify parent/guardian regarding meeting dates either by phone (document all efforts) or in writing (letter or e-mail). • Conduct the 504 meeting with the parent, student (if appropriate) student's teacher, School's Section 504 Coordinator, and participants who can interpret data, are familiar with the student, and can allocate resources. • After the meeting, provide parents with a copy of the final plan.	
Provide on-going written notification after meetings are held to determine eligibility, review and update the plan, conduct a reevaluation, or discontinue a plan.	
 Annual Review conducted by the parent, student (if appropriate) student's teacher, School's Section 504 Coordinator, and participants who can interpret data, are familiar with the student, and can allocate resources 	
 Reevaluation conducted at least every 3 years, in place of an annual review. Additional data will be collected to determine current needs and eligibility. 	
Eligibility form to use when a 504 plan is discontinued	
 Complete the Manifestation Determination prior change in placement due to disciplinary procedures and notify the BIE 504 Coordinator of all Manifestation Determinations resulting in a change of placement. 	
Keep all paperwork required and used for evaluation in a secure location housed within the school and upload the copy of the 504 plan to the NASIS.	
Provide the BIE Section 504 Coordinator and School Section 504 Coordinator with a list of students (NASIS number) who are: Referred for a 504 Plan Do Not Qualify for a 504 Plan Qualify for a 504 Plan	
Additional information and notes:	

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Section 504 Meeting Parent Input

Student Name:	Date:
School:	Grade:
Parent's / Guardian's Name: Parent's / Guardian's Name:	
Who has legal authority to make educational decision	ons for this child?
With whom does this student live?	
Please answer any questions that you think mig (Please attach additional paper if needed or docum	tht be helpful to the 504 Team. ents that you feel might be helpful)
What are some of your child's strengths?	
What does your child do when not in school?	
Please describe your child's behavior at home	
What activities does the family do together?	
Have any family members had learning problems?	
Have there been any important changes within the	family during the last 3 years?
Do you feel your child is experiencing problems in s	school?
When were you first aware of this problem?	
What do you think is causing the problem?	

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Attachment 7 (continued)

BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION Doing What's Best for Students!
What time does your child go to bed at night?
Does your child usually eat breakfast?
What methods of discipline are used with your child at home?
What is your child's reaction to discipline?
Has your child mentioned any problems with school? If so, how does he/she feel about the problem?
Health History Were there any problems before, during, or immediately after birth?
Please describe any serious illnesses, accidents, or hospitalizations.
Does your child appear to have any physical health problems, including allergies?
Is your child receiving service(s) from another agency?
Is your child currently taking medications? If so, please list.
Are there any known side effects from the medication?
Please tell us anything else that you think would be helpful in planning for your child's success at school.
(This document is not a requirement but will be helpful in determining how to best serve your child)



504 Rights and Procedural Safeguards

School:	Date:
Click here to enter text.	Click here to enter text.

This document informs you of your rights under Section 504. This notice of rights also provides information if you disagree with any of these decisions.

Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, commonly called "Section 504," is a federal law that protects students from discrimination based on disability. Section 504 assures that students with disabilities have educational opportunities and benefits equal to those provided to students without disabilities. To be eligible, a student must have a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activity.

YOUR CHILD'S EDUCATION

Your child has the right to:

- Participate in and benefit from the school's educational programs without discrimination based on disability.
- If eligible, have your student receive accommodations under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
- Be provided an equal opportunity to participate in the school's nonacademic and extracurricular activities.
- Be educated in facilities and receive services that are comparable to those provided to students without disabilities
- Receive accommodations and/or auxiliary aids and services to allow your child an equal opportunity to
 participate in school activities.
- Receive auxiliary aids and services without cost to allow your child an equal opportunity to participate in school activities. This does not include educational aids unrelated to your child's disability for which fees are imposed on parents of all children.
- Receive special education services if needed.

YOUR CHILD'S EDUCATIONAL RECORDS

You have the right to:

- Examine all relevant records relating to decisions regarding your student's identification, evaluation, educational program, and placement.
- Obtain copies of educational records at a reasonable cost if the fee would effectively deny you access to the records. You will not be charged if the cost would keep you from reviewing the records.
- Request amendment of your student's educational records if there is reasonable cause to believe that they
 are inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy rights of your student. If the school
 refuses this request, it shall notify you within a reasonable time and advise you of the right to a hearing.
- A response to your reasonable requests for explanations and interpretations of your child's education records.

Attachment 8 (continued)



IF YOU DISAGREE WITH THE DECISION OF THE SCHOOL

If you believe that BIE has discriminated against you or your child based on disability, you may file a complaint of discrimination with the U.S. Department of the Interior's Office for Civil Rights (OCR), or to file a complaint in federal court. Generally, an OCR complaint may be filed within 180 calendar days of the act that you believe was discriminatory.

Director, Office of Civil Rights U.S. Department of the Interior 1849 C. Street, NW, MS# 4353 Washington, D.C. 20240 Telephone Number for the General Public: (202) 208-3235 Facsimile: (202) 208-6112

FedRelay: (800) 877-8339 TTY / ASCII

The person at the school who is responsible for Section 504 compliance is

Section 504 Coordinator: Telephone Number:



Section 504 Identification Determination Summary								
Stude	nt's nar					-		
School	ol:				Grade:			
Parer	t's Nan	ie:						
Addre	55:							
Home	Phone	:	Worl	k Pi	hone:			
Stude	nt Refe	rred by:	Date	of	Referral:	Date of Meeting:		
						owing data that was gathered from the		
		urces, including the Referra						
	Grade r				Teacher/Admini			
	Disciplin	ary records/referrals			Student work po	ortfolio		
_ :	Standar	dized Tests/Other Assessmer	nts		School Health In	nformation		
	Medical parents	Evaluations/diagnoses from			Other:			
Π	Parent i	nput			Other:			
YES	NO	Based on the evaluation of answered the following q				ety of sources, the Section 504 Team ction 504 identification:		
	1					ment? If so, please describe the		
l	1	impairment.						
l	1							
⊢								
		Does the physical or mental impairment affect one or more major life activities? If so, which major life activity or activities is/are affected?						
		Does the physical or mental impairment substantially limit a major life activity?						
		Does the student need Section 504 accommodations?						
	If <u>all four</u> questions were answered "Yes," the student is identified for accommodations under Section 504, and the Section 504 Accommodation Plan should be developed. If any answer is "No," the student is not identified.							
The S that:	ection	504 Team's analysis of the	identif	fica	tion criteria as a	pplied to the evaluation data indicates		
	The student is not identified for services under Section 504 and will continue to receive general							
Ь—	education and any available regular education resources and programs.							
		The student is identified under Section 504 and will receive an Individualized Accommodation Plan,						
\vdash		which governs the provision of 504 services to the student. The student remains identified under Section 504 and will receive an updated Individualized						
l						ervices to the student. (Annual and 3-		
		ar evaluations only)		a re	pro-131011 01 004 3	El FIDES ID THE STUDENT. (PHINDER BIND OF		
			ed for	Sec	tion 504 and is ex	ited from the program. The student will		
		w receive general education v	without	t Se	ction 504 services	5.		
	Of	Other:						

Attachment 9 (continued)

BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION Doing What's Best for Students!

Signatures and Printed Names	Position	Agree	Disagree
	Parent		
	504 Coordinator		
	Teacher		
	School Administrator or Designee		
	Person knowledgeable of the child		
	Person knowledgeable of the evaluation results		
	Other:		
	Other:		
	Other:		



Section 504 Manifestation Determination								
Student's name:								
School:				Grade:				
Parent's Name:								
Address:								
Home Phone:			Work Pho	ne:				
Behavior:			Date of Be	havior:	Date of Meeting:			
Consideration of all	relevant s	tudent informatio			-			
		n and diagnostic r			mation provided by the parent			
		ion of the student			lan and placement			
		nt information in t	he	School Health	Information			
	students Other:	file		Other:				
	Other:			Other:				
Date of:	//	Manifestation	1 Review					
Behavior:				disciplinary ac	tion:			
Deliavior.			,					
504		Student	's disability	(504):				
Accommodation								
Plan or referral								
MANIFESTATIO	MANIFESTATION DETERMINATION:							
	For each statement answer either "YES" or "NO" and provide an explanation.							
The conduct in question was the direct result of the district's failure to implement								
YES	the student's 504 plan.							
I— '	Explain:							
NO								
		he conduct in ques lationship to the st			d a direct and substantial			
YES	le.	ationship to the st	udent s dis	ability(les).				
'	Explain:							
NO								
	CIMAL D	CTCDMIN ATIO	NI.					
		ETERMINATIO		of the etcale - t	e disability			
YES	The conduct/behavior is a manifestation of the student's disability. YES Check "YES" if at least one answer to the above questions is Yes.							
				•				
	Signature/Title							
	Signature/Title Date: Email/Phone/Contact:							
	The conduct/behavior is NOT a manifestation of the student's disability.							
NO								
I—	Check "NO" if both answers to the above questions are No							
	Signature/	Title	itle Email/Phone/Contact:					
	Date:	Email/Ph	none/Conta	ct:				

Attachment 10 (continued)

BUREAU OF INDIAN EDUCATION Doing What's Best for Students!

Signatures and Printed Names	Position	Date	I
	Parent		Т
	ratent		┿
			ı
	504 Coordinator		L
			ı
	Teacher		L
			Ι
	School Administrator or		ı
	Designee		L
			Τ
	Person Knowledgeable About		ı
	Evaluation Data		L
			Γ
	Other:		ı



Section 504 Teacher Input

The student identified below is being evaluated (re-evaluated) for Section 504 eligibility. The information you provide is very important and will be used as part of this process. This information will be shared with the 504 team.

Please i	return this form by/
Stud	dent Name:
Tead	cher Name:
Scho	ool:
Stud	dent Id/NASIS#: Date:
If you i	need additional space, please add pages as needed.
	What strengths does this student display in your class or throughout the school?
2.	What challenges does this student present in your class or throughout the school?
3.	Have you made any informal accommodations or modifications for this student? If so, what did you use?
4.	Which of these were helpful?
5.	Is there any other information that you think would be helpful for the 504 Team to know about this student?

Attachment 11 (continued)



6. What is the student's current grade in your class?

SUBJECT	GRADE	NOTES

Please give each attribute listed below a number:

1= N	O PROBLEM	2=MILD PROBLE	M 3=SEVERE PROBLEM
	Missing class/school		Incomplete assignments
	Late for class or school/leaves ea	arly	Late assignments
	Class participation		Poor Test/quiz performance
	Attentive in class		Follows Directions
	Attitude/Motivation		Self Confidence/Self Esteem
	Behavior		Peer relationships
	Adult relationships		Time Management
	Organizational skills		Other:
	Other:		Other:
